
Common-law Québécois least likely to say child care best done by family members

Ottawa, Canada, August 29, 2013 – New findings released today by the Institute of Marriage and Family Canada reveal Québécois are less likely than other Canadians to prefer that a family member care for children under six. This is especially true for Québécois in common-law relationships.

Part one of the national childcare poll showed 70% of Québécois believe it is best for children under six to be cared for by a parent at home, compared to a national average of 76%.

When a parent is not available, 51% of Canadians believe a relative is the next best option. However, only 34% of Québécois agree that a relative is the best option when a parent cannot be home, a significant difference.

Part two of the national childcare poll released today, shows that when looking at a subset of cohabiting respondents, the difference is even greater. When a parent is not available, just 27% of common-law respondents in Québec choose a relative as caregiver. This contrasts with 46% of common-law respondents in the rest of Canada.

The findings raise questions as to why common-law couples are different from married couples in regards to child care preferences.

The report also raises the question of whether Québec's heavy subsidizing of institutional daycare is responsible for shifting ideals.

Québécois today support out-of-home child care more than any other province.

Surprisingly, the poll also shows that Québécois are not satisfied with their province's method of funding child care. In Québec, funding goes directly to daycare centres.

Yet, when asked how the government should spend money to look after children, the most popular response in Québec (45%) is that governments should provide cash payments directly to parents. In the rest of Canada, 25% of respondents choose this option.

Québécois are the most decisive in answering this funding question. Only five percent responded "don't know," compared with seven to nine percent in the other provinces.

“Despite the government monopoly of child care in Québec, 70% of Québécois still say the best place for a child under six is at home with a parent. That speaks volumes,” said Derek Miedema, the report’s author.

“The Québec example shows us that government shouldn’t be getting in the way of the choices that parents want to make for their children. If child care is to be supported, that should happen in a way that doesn’t give preferential treatment to one form of care.”

Daycare Desires, Part II released today [can be found online here](#).

Daycare Desires, Part I released May 2013 [can be found online here](#).

(Questions and margins of error [can be found online here](#).)

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